Transforming and improving Sexual and Reproductive Health Services in Lambeth and Southwark: proposals for change

Consultation document

August 2016
Executive Summary – regarding consultation transforming local sexual and reproductive health services

1. Introduction

This summary describes the consultation process being led by Guy’s and St Thomas’ NHS Foundation Trust (GSTT) on the proposed changes to sexual and reproductive health services in Lambeth and Southwark following reductions in funding to local authorities across the country for these services. The consultation is due to formally start on 25th August 2016.

Since April this year, Lambeth and Southwark councils, together with Guy’s and St Thomas’ NHS Foundation Trust have done preliminary work to seek the views of service users and members of the local community through public meetings, questionnaires and focus groups in GSTT sexual health clinics. The views obtained have helped to develop plans that the forthcoming period of consultation is intended to test and refine.

2. Background to the proposals

In 2015/16 and 2016/17, the Government significantly reduced the amount of money it gave to Lambeth and Southwark councils to fund Public Health services and there will be further cuts over the next 3 years. In addition, the councils are under significant financial pressure because of the rising demand for open access sexual health services. In particular, the money spent on genitourinary medicine (GUM) has increased every year since 2013.

A London-wide Sexual Health Transformation Project is seeking to change sexual health services across the capital in the same way that we are proposing in Lambeth and Southwark. A business case describing the intended service transformation was signed off by both Lambeth and Southwark Cabinets in the autumn of 2015.

Lambeth and Southwark have worked closely with GSTT and King’s College Hospital (KCH) to develop an online testing service called SH24. This has been operational since March 2015 and has recently been positively evaluated. Test return rates are 25% higher than the national HIV home sampling service and users are very positive about their experience of the service.

3. A summary of the proposals

At present, we provide sexual and reproductive health services from 6 centres located across Lambeth and Southwark with a further clinic site on Camberwell Road being operated by KCH which is unaffected by this proposal.

Given that demand for sexual and reproductive health services is likely to continue to grow, that we do not know at present what funds will be available to support sexual health in future years and that the Government requires sexual health services to have an open access policy, it is clear that GSTT must run these services in a different way so they can continue to provide care to people who need it most. To do this, the proposal is to:
• Continue to diagnose and treat the same number of patients

• Refer more patients who do not have symptoms (asymptomatic patients) and attend clinics for tests for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) to ‘home (self)-testing’ by expanding and developing the existing online testing service already provided by SH:24

• Reduce the number of sexual health centres from 6 to 3 as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sexual Health Clinics to remain open</th>
<th>Sexual Health Clinics we propose to close</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Burrell Street</td>
<td>Artesian Health Centre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streatham Hill Health Centre</td>
<td>Lloyd Clinic (at Guy’s Hospital)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walworth Road</td>
<td>Vauxhall Riverside Health Centre</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Align the opening hours of remaining clinics on weekdays and increase the opening hours to provide longer weekday and weekend opening hours

• Continue to offer a combination of ‘walk-in clinics’ and ‘advance booking appointments’

• Increase awareness and make much better use of sexual and reproductive health services that are already offered by other healthcare providers, including GPs and pharmacies

4. Engagement and consultation activities

The consultation will begin on 25th August and run until 30th September 2016

Below is a summary of engagement activities planned over the consultation period:

• There will be 6 drop-in discussions forms in open waiting rooms of each clinic led by staff

• A public information display and accompanying consultation questionnaire installed in each site for the duration of the consultation period

• An online consultation document and questionnaire that will be publicised on the Guy’s and St Thomas’ NHS Foundation Trust website. London Borough of Lambeth and London Borough of Southwark will also post a link to the Trust website. Other key stakeholder groups and community Interest groups have also been made aware of the consultation and where they can provide a response.

• There will be 3 community focus groups for specialist interest groups during the consultation period to ensure we are engaging with patents from harder to reach groups such as Black African and Black Caribbean Communities, men who have sex with men and young people under 25 years old.
There is a Public Evening Meeting arranged for 22\textsuperscript{nd} September, this is being hosted by Healthwatch Lambeth and Healthwatch Southwark

All opportunities to get involved in this consultation will be advertised by the GSTT, LBL, LBS websites and information will be shared with providers to encourage participation from those affected by these proposed changes (services users, stakeholders, and public).
Transforming and improving Sexual and Reproductive Health Services in Lambeth and Southwark: proposals for change

1. About this paper

This paper describes the proposed changes to Sexual and Reproductive Health Services provided by Guy’s and St Thomas’ NHS Foundation Trust in Lambeth and Southwark. We would like your views on our proposals.

The views of service users and members of the local community through public meetings, focus groups and questionnaires have helped develop the plans that this document describes.

After reading this paper, please take some time to complete the consultation questionnaire https://www.surveymonkey.co.uk/r/QXXQKGK

2. Background to the proposals

Since 2013, local councils have been responsible for Public Health. Like other councils, Lambeth and Southwark receive a Public Health grant from the Government to fund a range of services to improve the health and well-being of local residents, including Sexual and Reproductive Health Services (testing, treatment and contraception).

In 2015/16 and 2016/17, the Government significantly reduced the amount of money councils receive to fund Public Health service and Councils across England are working on ways to reconfigure services. There will be further reductions over the next 3 years. There is also rising demand for open access Sexual Health Services, in particular, Genitourinary Medicine (GUM).

The introduction of a new London-wide tariff for Sexual and Reproductive Health Services in April 2017 may also cause financial challenges for the Trust in the coming years.

3. Key facts and figures about Sexual and Reproductive Health Services

In 2015-16, there were:

- 89,863 attendances
- 99,747 appointments
- 179,471 procedures - 81% involved sexual health screening (tests)

The national ‘open access policy’ means patients from any borough can attend Sexual and Reproductive Health Centres in Lambeth and Southwark and our residents can choose to access Sexual and Reproductive Health Clinics in other parts of London or the UK.
The profile of people who use our services are as follows:

- 25% Lambeth
- 5% Outside London
- 29% Southwark
- 7% Unknown
- 74% of patients are aged 25 and over
- Ethnicity of patients is varied and diverse
- We see more females than males

Please refer to Annex A for further information about the above. Please visit the Trust website www.guysandstthomas.nhs.uk/consultation-srh to review the Equality Impact Assessments undertaken by Guy’s and St Thomas’ NHS Foundation Trust.

4. How will we provide Sexual and Reproductive Health Services in the future?

Demand for sexual and reproductive health services will continue to grow and we will not reduce the number of patients that we diagnose/treat. We will continue to have an open access policy. However, we must make some changes and we propose to:

i. Refer more asymptomatic patients (ie without symptoms) to ‘home (self)-testing’ by expanding and developing the existing online testing service SH:24

ii. Reconfigure local sexual health centres by retaining and closing the following clinics:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clinics to remain open</th>
<th>Clinics we propose to close</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Burrell Street</td>
<td>Sexual and Reproductive Health Service at Artesian Health Centre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streatham Hill Health Centre</td>
<td>Lloyd Clinic (at Guy’s Hospital)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walworth Road</td>
<td>Sexual Health Services at Vauxhall Riverside Health Centre</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Note: Only Sexual and Reproductive Health Services are affected, other services at Artesian Health Centre and Vauxhall Riverside Health Centre are unchanged.)

iii. Align the opening hours by increasing the opening hours to provide longer weekday and weekend opening hours as preferred by patients

iv. Continue to offer a combination of ‘walk-in clinics’ and ‘advance booking appointments’

v. Increase awareness and make much better use of Sexual and Reproductive Health Services that are already offered by other healthcare providers, including GPs and pharmacies

Annex C provides more detail on the proposed changes
5. Reconfiguring Sexual and Reproductive Health Centres

At present Guy’s and St Thomas’ NHS Foundation Trust runs 6 clinics across Lambeth and Southwark:

- Sexual and Reproductive Health Service at Artesian Health Centre
- Lloyd Clinic (at Guy’s Hospital)
- Vauxhall Riverside
- Burrell Street Sexual Health Centre
- Streatham Hill Health Centre
- Walworth Road

There is also a clinic run by King’s College Hospital in Lambeth (at the Camberwell Sexual Health Centre) which is unaffected by these proposals.

We propose to provide services from 3 of the 6 clinic sites listed above that we believe are easy for patients in Lambeth and Southwark to access. The proposals are informed by:

- The numbers of patients who use each clinic
- The access and transport links to each clinic
- The available space and facilities in the clinics including:
  - consulting rooms
  - waiting room space
  - space for and access to specialist equipment such as microscopes and ultrasound machines
- The findings of patient focus groups (please refer to Annex D)

Annex E highlights the key facilities that are required to provide the service in the Sexual and Reproductive Health Centres and gives a score out of 6 for each site.

The table below shows the cost of running services across 6, 5, 4 and 3 sites in relation to the proposed budget changes and shows our preferred option of 3 clinics based on the finances that are available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Preferred option</th>
<th>Options outside of the financial envelope</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3 clinics</td>
<td>4 clinics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>£1,147,974</td>
<td>£167,572</td>
<td>£(779,259)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please see Annexes F and G for maps of the current and proposed locations of Sexual and Reproductive Health Services.

We have excluded other options because they would not offer the right facilities to accommodate patients and staff and are outside of the financial envelope. Streatham Hill facilities will be improved to ensure good access to better services to patients in the south of Lambeth.
We are proposing to extend the range and access to Burrell Street Clinic instead of Lloyd Clinic or Sexual Health and Reproductive Health Services at Artesian Health Centre because:

- it is a larger and newer clinic, which is purpose built to provide specialist services
- of its excellent public transport links

Unfortunately, because of the limited amount of money available we cannot offer different options for the future location of clinics. However, we are keen to understand your views on:

- How far you are prepared to travel to access alternative services
- Whether you have any suggestions about how we can improve the service in the future
- How we can make sure that you can access the services you need in the future in other settings

6. Align the opening hours of remaining clinics on weekdays and Increasing the opening hours to provide longer weekday and weekend opening hours

We propose longer opening hours and weekends in response to patient feedback. In a recent survey, the patient preference was:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Opening hours ranked in order of patient preference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weekday opening hours</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82% Weekday – evening</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72% Weekday – morning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51% Weekday – lunchtime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% Weekday – afternoon</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A table to show current and proposed opening hours:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Days</th>
<th>Burrell Street</th>
<th>Walworth Road</th>
<th>Streatham Hill</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td>0800-1900</td>
<td>0800-1800</td>
<td>0930-1800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td>1230-1800</td>
<td>1230-1800</td>
<td>1300-1800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>0800-1700</td>
<td>0800-1800</td>
<td>0930-1600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td>0800-1500</td>
<td>0800-1500</td>
<td>Closed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sunday Options for Sunday opening hours

| Option 1 | 0930-1300 | 0800-1500 |
| Option 2 | 0900-1600 |
| Option 3 | 1000-1700 |

We propose that on a weekday, all clinics:

- open from 8.00am every day (apart from Wednesday)
remain open until 6.00pm every weekday

Although clinic doors will close to further ‘walk-in’ patients at 6.00pm, healthcare professionals will continue to see patients until 6.45pm who have booked into the clinic by 6.00pm.

On a weekend, we propose:-

- to open Burrell Street Clinic for 7 hours on Saturdays and;
- 7 hrs on Sundays

Patients have already told us which weekday hours are more convenient to them and this has informed the above proposed opening hours. There are 3 options for Sunday opening hours and we would like to know which you prefer. You can share your views with us.

7. Continuing to offer a combination of ‘walk-in clinics’ and ‘advance booking appointments’ and access to a virtual queuing system.

We believe the best way to ensure we can see as many patients as possible is to offer a combination of ‘walk-in clinics’ and ‘advanced booking appointments’ for specialist clinics.

Results of a recent patient survey tell us that 60% of respondents would be likely to use a walk-in service. We know from experience that 11% of patients do not attend appointments and this time could be used by other patients who are waiting to be seen.

The clinic times are divided as follows:-

- 201.5 hours per week for walk-in clinics
- 82 hours per week are allocated to online advance appointment booking
- 12 hours of specialist community gynaecology (e.g. complex contraception that requires ultrasound)
- 45.76 hours for Specialist clinics (See Annex B)

Understandably, patients have told us it is frustrating when they have to wait a long time in clinic to see a healthcare professional, but it would help if we kept them informed about the waiting time.

To address this, we propose to introduce ‘Qudini’ across all 3 sites. Qudini is an online queuing and appointment management system. Qudini makes it possible for patients to leave the clinic building once they have booked in and they receive a text message alert when it is time to return to the clinic for their appointment. We are already using this at Burrell Street and findings of our recent patient survey suggest patients would welcome this.

8. Increasing awareness and making better use of Sexual and Reproductive Health Services that are already offered by other healthcare providers, including GPs and pharmacies (primary care providers)
Primary care services (General Practice and Community Pharmacy) provide a range of non-complex sexual and reproductive health care, including the following:-

- Emergency Hormonal Contraceptive (EHC – sometimes known as the ‘morning after pill’)
- Oral contraception
- Long Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC)
- STI testing and treatment

Findings of recent focus groups and a patient survey indicate that:-

- Patients are less aware of the different Sexual and Reproductive Health Services available in GP practices and pharmacies
- Patients prefer to use specialist Sexual Health Centres and for both practical and emotional reasons

Annex H provides details of primary care services that also provide Sexual and Reproductive health services

Commissioners will continue to work with local Clinical Commissioning Groups, the Local Pharmacy Committees (LPC) and GP Federations to develop and improve Sexual and Reproductive Health Services that are offered by GPs and community pharmacies and to make sure that patients understand what is available in their local area.

The Trust and Commissioners will continue to work together to improve signposting to the range of Sexual and Reproductive Health Services.

We would like to hear your views about how we can improve patient-public awareness of and access to the sexual and reproductive health services provided by GPs and community pharmacies.

**Your views about these proposals**

Thank you for taking the time to read about the proposed changes to sexual and reproductive health services. If you would like to comment on these proposals, please complete the consultation questionnaire that you will find on the Trust’s website [http://www.guysandstthomas.nhs.uk/consultation-srh](http://www.guysandstthomas.nhs.uk/consultation-srh) by no later than **Friday 30th September 2016**

You may also forward your comments by email to: [getinvolved@gstt.nhs.uk](mailto:getinvolved@gstt.nhs.uk)

Please note we cannot respond to individual comments, but we will include them in the consultation report that will be published in October 2016.
Key Contacts

For Guy’s and St Thomas’ NHS Foundation Trust

Dr Anatole Menon-Johansson, Consultant and Clinical Lead for Sexual & Reproductive Health,

Robert Cook, General Manager, Specialist Ambulatory Services

getinvolved@gstt.nhs.uk

For Lambeth and Southwark councils

Michelle Binfield, Associate Director – Integrated Commissioning (Public Health and Disabilities)

Publichealthcommissioning@lambeth.gov.uk
Annex A

A summary of the age, gender and ethnicity of patients who attend Sexual Health Centres in Lambeth and Southwark

Please refer to more detailed information in the Equality Impact Assessment that has been completed.
Annex B

Break down of attendances in 2015-2016 by procedure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Procedures during visit</th>
<th>Number conducted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Long Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC)</td>
<td>4060</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Gynaecology</td>
<td>502</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counselling</td>
<td>324</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sexual Health Screening (Tests)</td>
<td>145, 529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSV Testing</td>
<td>4112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hepatitis Testing</td>
<td>8463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Point of Care Testing</td>
<td>2508</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microscopy</td>
<td>13586</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ultrasound</td>
<td>387</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Break down of the specialist clinics we provide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Break down of specialist clinics we provide</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 25 men only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender (LGBT)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wise up to sexual health (WUSH) for young people</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HPV Vaccination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Gynaecology</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Annex C

Plans and proposals in more detail

1. Increasing access to home testing for sexually transmitted infections (STIs)

SH:24 is a confidential service that delivers free STI testing kits to patient’s homes or a Sexual Health Centre, as well as information and advice - 24 hours a day. SH:24 provides testing kits tests for Chlamydia, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis and HIV. The patient:

1. Visits the SH:24 website (www.sh24.org.uk) and answers a few simple questions to help them find out which tests to order
2. Completes the online order form with their details to order the testing kit for delivery (to their home or a community sexual health centre) – the kit arrives in a plain white plastic enveloped
3. Completes the tests and returns the samples to the lab in the free post envelope – the kit sample bottle does not contain the patients name, so it is very discreet
4. Receives a text message when the samples have arrived in the lab for analysis
5. Receives the test results by text message within 7 days and if the results are positive (on average 9% are positive) the message will ask the patient to visit a clinic or GP and a healthcare professional may text, email or phone to provide more advice

About 20% of patients who attend our Sexual and Reproductive Health Centres do not have symptoms (asymptomatic) and do not need to be treated for an STI by a healthcare professional. We want to make sure those who need treatment after receiving positive test results receive treatment as quickly as possible. Home-testing is being developed across London as part of a regional strategy to reduce demand for appointments. We will expand SH:24, our home-testing service so we can spend more time in walk-in clinics and appointments seeing:

- Patients who have symptoms or have received a positive diagnosis
- Partners of patients who have a positive diagnosis
- Those who need specialist treatment and psycho-sexual advice
- Women who need contraception
- Young people under 18 years of age
- Patients who are concerned they may have been exposed to HIV and require post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP)
- Patients who have complex needs, need additional support or for other reasons are unable to use SH:24

SH:24 has been positively received by users who are happy they are to be able to access a discreet, rapid and online testing service. A recent user survey rated the overall service 4.93 out of 5 stars.
Annex D - Extracts from Focus Groups Findings

Clinic Closures - Selection Criteria

As an exercise, participants were given a fact sheet for each of the 8 clinics and asked to imagine they were in charge and needed to select 3 of the 8 clinics to keep open, whilst closing down the remaining 5. Please note that participants were encouraged to think about this in a way that the populations across Lambeth and Southwark would continue to have good access to the clinics.

Probing around their thought processes revealed a wide range of considerations came into play. The most frequently mentioned were:
- Open at weekends
- Number of patients served
- Easy to access on public transport
- Number of doctors on staff
- Number of staff overall
- Cost per patient served
- Central location
- In community/local to users
- Good opening times/days
- Geographic spread
- Patients seen per doctor/specialist
- Cost of running the clinic

Other criteria they felt would be important to this decision (but not on the fact sheets) included patient satisfaction ratings for each clinic (similar to TripAdvisor), % of repeat visits (as a measure of patient satisfaction), size of clinic / number of treatment rooms, and the socio-economic profile of the users (to ensure the clinic is accessible to the people who need it the most).

Consistent with the earlier insight about low awareness and barriers to usage of alternatives such as GPs and Pharmacies, these alternatives did not appear to play any role in participants thinking about where clinics are most needed and why.

Clinic Closures

As a result of that exercise, we can identify a ranking of which clinics the participants most want to keep open. This ranking correlates with how well each clinic meets the participants' criteria, which have been qualitatively derived based on discussions of which clinics the respondents would keep open, and why. Respondents were not explicitly asked to rate the clinics against these criteria.

\[
\begin{array}{|l|c|c|c|c|}
\hline
& Opening & Easy to & No. of & No. of Drg & Cost per \\
& hours & get & No. of & / CNS & patient \\
& & & Patients & & \\
\hline
Burrell Street & ✓ & ✓ & ✓ & ✓ & ✓ \\
Lloyd Clinic & x & ✓ & ✓ & ✓ & ✓ \\
Streatham Hill & ✓ & ✓ & ✓ & ✓ & x \\
Walworth Road & x & ✓ & ✓ & ✓ & x \\
Artesian & x & ✓ & ✓ & ✓ & x \\
Vauxhall Riverside & x & x & x & x & x \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]

*Composite of open at weekend and good opening times during week
**Composite of public transport links and central/local convenient location
***Some respondents chose to divide the total cost of running the clinic by the number of patients who attend

The most popular groupings were:

- Burrell Street
- Lloyd
- Walworth Road
- Burrell Street
- Lloyd
- Streatham Hill
- Artesian
- Burrell Street
- Streatham Hill
Annex E
Table of facilities at each site

The table below highlights the key facilities of each Sexual Health Centre that are required to deliver the service to patients and gives a score out of 6 for each site.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Other criteria for selecting clinics</th>
<th>Artesian Health Centre</th>
<th>Burrell Street</th>
<th>Lloyd Clinic</th>
<th>Streatham Hill Health Centre</th>
<th>Vauxhall Riverside</th>
<th>Walworth Road Clinic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Are there enough clinic / consulting rooms to accommodate our healthcare staff and patients during peak hours?</td>
<td>✓ x</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is there space for a laboratory / microscopy, and other specialist equipment?</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is it close to public transport links?</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the waiting room space big enough for our patients to wait comfortably?</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is it discrete – does the service health have sole use of the building / space during clinic opening hours?</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is it accessible to patients in Lambeth and Southwark - adjacent to the Southwark-Lambeth borough border?</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total score (out of 6)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Annex F

Map of current Sexual and Reproductive Health Services in Lambeth and Southwark

Note: The map is not to scale and the location pins (green and purple markers) are intended to mark the approximate location of each service only.
Annex G

Map of proposed Sexual and Reproductive Health Services
Note: The map is not to scale and the location pins (green and purple markers) are intended to mark the approximate location of each service only.
Annex H
The table below summarises the number of primary care providers that offer Sexual and Reproductive Health Services.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type / number of service(s)</th>
<th>Provided by...</th>
<th>Borough</th>
<th>Commissioner</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Long-acting reversible contraception (LARC)</td>
<td>39 GP practices</td>
<td>Lambeth</td>
<td>Lambeth Council</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18 GP practices</td>
<td>Southwark</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral contraception</td>
<td>ALL GP practices</td>
<td>Lambeth</td>
<td>NHS England</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3 community pharmacies</td>
<td>Southwark</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20 community pharmacies</td>
<td>Southwark</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency hormonal contraception ('the morning after pill')</td>
<td>46 community pharmacies</td>
<td>Lambeth</td>
<td>Lambeth Council</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>36 community pharmacies</td>
<td>Southwark</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>‘Come Correct’ – condom scheme for under 25 year olds</td>
<td>8 community pharmacies</td>
<td>Southwark</td>
<td>Lambeth Council</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlamydia testing</td>
<td>46 community pharmacies</td>
<td>Lambeth</td>
<td>Lambeth Council</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>36 community pharmacies</td>
<td>Southwark</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlamydia treatment</td>
<td>4 community pharmacies</td>
<td>Lambeth</td>
<td>Lambeth Council</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6 community pharmacies</td>
<td>Southwark</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIV Point of Care HIV tests for new patient registrations</td>
<td>7 GP practices</td>
<td>Lambeth</td>
<td>Lambeth Council</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9 GP practices</td>
<td>Southwark</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition to the above, 3 GP practices in Lambeth are commissioned to see non-registered patients on a ‘walk-in’ basis and can provide a broader range of contraceptive choices and treat a wider range of sexually transmitted infections.